### THRIFT INDUSTRY

# **Interest Rate Risk Measures**

# Office of Thrift Supervision

Risk Modeling and Analysis Division

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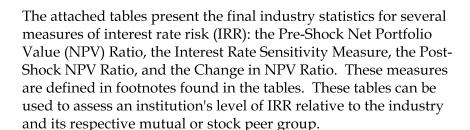
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### Risk Modeling and Analysis Division

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### Third Quarter 2009



For example, an institution can find its approximate Pre-Shock NPV Ratio ranking by referring to TABLE 1 on the following page. Assume XYZ Savings has a Pre-Shock NPV Ratio of 18%. In the last column of the table, locate the first value that is larger than XYZ's Pre-Shock NPV Ratio. For XYZ Savings, this corresponds to the tenth row of the table.

The first column of the tenth row present XYZ's overall Pre-Shock ranking: XYZ's Pre-Shock NPV Ratio places this institution in the fifth quintile of the industry. The second column shows an institution's rank with greater precision. XYZ's Pre-Shock NPV Ratio is better than approximately 85 percent of the industry for the current quarter.

The Preliminary Interest Rate Risk Measures report for the December, 2009 cycle will be available on the OTS Web page at http://www.ots.treas.gov/StatisticalReleases by February 22, 2010.

# **Interest Rate Risk Measures**

Page 2

### TABLE 1: Pre-Shock NPV Ratio\* as of 9/30/2009

Quintile	Percent of Industry	*Pre-Shock NPV Ratio
1st	10	9.19
	15	9.86
	20	10.41
2nd	30	11.43
	40	12.22
3rd	50	12.97
	60	14.14
4th	70	15.88
	80	18.03
5th	85	19.72
	90	21.86
	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Industry  1st 10

<sup>\*</sup> The Pre-Shock NPV Ratio is defined as the base-case (pre-shock) NPV divided by the present value of assets in the base-case.

TABLE 2: Interest Rate Sensitivity
Measure\* as of 9/30/2009

Quintile		Percent of Industry	*Sensitivity Measure
_	1st	10	246
S		15	209
6		20	186
WORST	2nd	30	141
1		40	108
	3rd	50	91
		60	70
•	4th	70	58
10		80	44
BEST	5th	85	36
m		90	27

<sup>\*</sup> The Interest Rate Sensitivity Measure is defined as the decline (in basis points) in the NPV ratio caused by a +200 bp increase or 100 bp decrease in rates, whichever produces the larger decline.

TABLE 3: Post-Shock NPV Ratio\* as of 9/30/2009

	Quintile	Percent of Industry	*Post-Shock NPV Ratio
_	1st	10	8.15
S		15	8.80
WORST		20	9.45
3	2nd	30	10.43
1		40	11.14
	3rd	50	11.97
		60	12.98
+	4th	70	14.35
<u></u>		80	16.83
BEST	5th	85	18.26
m		90	20.06

<sup>\*</sup> The Post-Shock NPV Ratio is defined as the Net Portfolio Value (NPV) ratio after a +200 bp increase or -100 bp decrease in rates, whichever produces the smaller ratio.

### TABLE 4: NPV Ratio\* by Interest Rate Scenario as of 9/30/2009

	Quintile	Percent of Industry	-100 bp	PV Ratio +200 bp ss Than:
$\vdash$	1st	10	9.00	8.38
S		15	9.66	9.10
WORST		20	10.25	9.84
3	2nd	30	11.17	10.76
1		40	12.13	11.42
	3rd	50	13.03	12.33
		60	13.95	13.40
+	4th	70	16.00	14.76
F		80	18.07	17.07
EST	5th	85	20.01	18.41
a		90	22.21	20.40

<sup>\*</sup> The NPV ratio for any interest rate scenario is defined as the NPV in that rate scenario divided by the present value of assets in the same rate scenario.

### TABLE 5: Change in NPV Ratio\* by Interest Rate as of 9/30/2009

Quintile	Percent of Industry	-100 bp	NPV Ratio +200 bp Than:
1st	10	-68	-243
	15	-56	-207
	20	-48	-180
2nd	30	-29	-136
	40	-16	-103
3rd	50	-6	-77
	60	4	-48
4th	70	15	-19
	80	30	11
5th	85	40	30
	90	55	63
	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Industry  1st 10 15 20 2nd 30 40 3rd 50 60 4th 70 80 5th 85	Industry -100 bp Less  1st 10 -68 15 -56 20 -48 2nd 30 -29 40 -16 3rd 50 -6 60 4 4th 70 15 80 30 5th 85 40

<sup>\*</sup> The Change in NPV ratio is defined as the change (in basis points) in the NPV ratio caused by an interest rate shock of either -100 bp or +200 bp.

Note: The NPV ratio for any interest rate scenario is defined as the NPV in that rate scenario divided by the present value of assets in the same rate scenario. An institution's NPV is equal to the estimated present value of assets minus the present value of liabilities plus the net present value of off-balance sheet contracts. These results are based on 730 OTS-regulated institutions for which the Sep 2009 Interest Rate Risk Exposure Reports are available.

Prepared by the Risk Modeling and Analysis Division, OTS, Washington, D.C., 12/24/2009.

## **Interest Rate Risk Measures - Mutuals**

Page 3

TABLE 6: Pre-Shock NPV Ratio\* as of 9/30/2009

Quintile	Percent of Industry	*Pre-Shock NPV Ratio
1st	10	10.61
	15	11.46
	20	12.00
2nd	30	12.79
	40	14.02
3rd	50	15.18
	60	16.72
4th	70	18.08
	80	20.35
5th	85	21.11
	90	24.56
	2nd 3rd 4th	Industry  1st 10

<sup>\*</sup> The Pre-Shock NPV Ratio is defined as the base-case (pre-shock) NPV divided by the present value of assets in the base-case.

TABLE 7: Interest Rate Sensitivity
Measure\* as of 9/30/2009

(	Quintile	Percent of Industry	*Sensitivity Measure
$\vdash$	1st	10	298
S		15	256
6		20	224
WORST	2nd	30	186
1		40	144
	3rd	50	108
		60	86
+	4th	70	66
F		80	54
EST	5th	85	48
œ		90	35

<sup>\*</sup> The Interest Rate Sensitivity Measure is defined as the decline (in basis points) in the NPV ratio caused by a +200 bp increase or -100 bp decrease in rates, whichever produces the larger decline.

TABLE 8: Post-Shock NPV Ratio\* as of 9/30/2009

	Quintile	Percent of Industry	*Post-Shock NPV Ratio
Н	1st	10	9.24
S		15	10.12
WORST		20	10.77
3	2nd	30	11.59
1		40	12.61
	3rd	50	13.69
		60	15.12
+	4th	70	16.83
EST		80	18.49
ш	5th	85	19.85
m		90	22.42

<sup>\*</sup> The Post-Shock NPV Ratio is defined as the Net Portfolio Value (NPV) ratio after a +200 bp increase or -100 bp decrease in rates, whichever produces the smaller ratio.

### TABLE 9: NPV Ratio\* by Interest Rate Scenario as of 9/30/2009

	Quintile	Percent of Industry	-100 bp	PV Ratio +200 bp ss Than:
_	1st	10	10.38	9.52
S		15	11.17	10.21
WORST		20	11.86	10.80
3	2nd	30	12.86	11.97
1		40	13.69	12.82
	3rd	50	15.24	14.10
		60	16.95	15.33
*	4th	70	18.07	16.94
BEST		80	20.55	18.89
ш	5th	85	21.59	19.85
m		90	25.19	22.42

<sup>\*</sup> The NPV ratio for any interest rate scenario is defined as the NPV in that rate scenario divided by the present value of assets in the same rate scenario.

### TABLE 10: Change in NPV Ratio\* by Interest Rate as of 9/30/2009

Quintile         Percent of Industry         *Change in NPV Ratio -100 bp +200 bp Less Than:           1st         10         -59         -298 Less Than:           15         -50         -256 20         -256 20         -288 224 224 224 224 224 224 224 224 224					
15 -50 -256 20 -38 -224  2nd 30 -18 -186  40 -11 -144  3rd 50 -2 -108 60 8 -81 4th 70 23 -52  80 38 -19 5th 85 50 0		Quintile		-100 bp	+200 bp
40 -11 -144 3rd 50 -2 -108 60 8 -81 4th 70 23 -52   80 38 -19 5th 85 50 0	_	1st	10	-59	-298
40 -11 -144 3rd 50 -2 -108 60 8 -81 4th 70 23 -52   80 38 -19 5th 85 50 0	S		15	-50	-256
40 -11 -144 3rd 50 -2 -108 60 8 -81 4th 70 23 -52   80 38 -19 5th 85 50 0	9		20	-38	-224
40 -11 -144 3rd 50 -2 -108 60 8 -81 4th 70 23 -52   80 38 -19 5th 85 50 0	3	2nd	30	-18	-186
60 8 -81 4th 70 23 -52 80 38 -19 5th 85 50 0	1		40	-11	-144
4th 70 23 -52 80 38 -19 5th 85 50 0		3rd	50	-2	-108
80 38 -19 5th 85 50 0			60	8	-81
5th 85 50 0	+	4th	70	23	-52
ú     5th     85     50     0       ш     90     64     14	1		80	38	-19
<u>o</u> 90 64 14	Щ	5th	85	50	0
	m		90	64	14

<sup>\*</sup> The Change in NPV ratio is defined as the change (in basis points) in the NPV ratio caused by an interest rate shock of either -100 bp or +200 bp.

Note: The NPV ratio for any interest rate scenario is defined as the NPV in that rate scenario divided by the present value of assets in the same rate scenario. An institution's NPV is equal to the estimated present value of assets minus the present value of liabilities plus the net present value of off-balance sheet contracts. These results are based on 279 OTS-regulated institutions for which the Sep 2009 Interest Rate Risk Exposure Reports are available.

Prepared by the Risk Modeling and Analysis Division, OTS, Washington, D.C., 12/24/2009.

## **Interest Rate Risk Measures - Stock**

Page 4

### TABLE 11: Pre-Shock NPV Ratio\* as of 9/30/2009

Quintile	Percent of Industry	*Pre-Shock NPV Ratio
1st	10	8.68
	15	9.30
	20	9.84
2nd	30	10.79
	40	11.48
3rd	50	12.20
	60	12.92
4th	70	13.89
	80	15.76
5th	85	17.54
	90	19.87
	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Industry  1st 10

<sup>\*</sup> The Pre-Shock NPV Ratio is defined as the base-case (pre-shock) NPV divided by the present value of assets in the base-case.

### TABLE 12: Interest Rate Sensitivity Measure\* as of 9/30/2009

Quintile		Percent of Industry	*Sensitivity Measure
Н	1st	10	207
S		15	182
6		20	156
WORST	2nd	30	118
1		40	98
	3rd	50	80
		60	66
*	4th	70	51
10		80	40
BEST	5th	85	31
m		90	22

<sup>\*</sup> The Interest Rate Sensitivity Measure is defined as the decline (in basis points) in the NPV ratio caused by a +200 bp increase or 100 bp decrease in rates, whichever produces the larger decline.

FABLE 13: Post-Shock NPV Ratio\* as of 9/30/2009

Quintile		Percent of Industry	*Post-Shock NPV Ratio
_	1st	10	7.72
BEST ← → WORST		15	8.36
		20	8.81
	2nd	30	9.78
		40	10.67
	3rd	50	11.16
		60	11.93
	4th	70	12.98
		80	14.35
	5th	85	16.21
m		90	18.43

<sup>\*</sup> The Post-Shock NPV Ratio is defined as the Net Portfolio Value (NPV) ratio after a +200 bp increase or -100 bp decrease in rates, whichever produces the smaller ratio.

## TABLE 14: NPV Ratio\* by Interest Rate Scenario as of 9/30/2009

	Quintile	Percent of Industry	*NPV Ratio -100 bp +200 bp Less Than:	
BEST ← → WORST	1st	10	8.39	7.93
		15	9.12	8.48
		20	9.61	9.12
	2nd	30	10.55	10.25
		40	11.24	10.94
	3rd	50	12.06	11.43
		60	12.88	12.38
	4th	70	13.74	13.44
		80	15.96	15.06
	5th	85	17.51	16.73
		90	19.91	19.12

<sup>\*</sup> The NPV ratio for any interest rate scenario is defined as the NPV in that rate scenario divided by the present value of assets in the same rate scenario.

### TABLE 15: Change in NPV Ratio\* by Interest Rate as of 9/30/2009

	Quintile	Percent of Industry	*Change in NPV Ratio -100 bp +200 bp Less Than:	
<b>→</b> WORST	1st	10	-71	-202
		15	-62	-169
		20	-53	-144
	2nd	30	-35	-108
		40	-22	-85
	3rd	50	-10	-59
		60	1	-30
+	4th	70	12	2
1		80	25	33
BEST	5th	85	35	57
Ш		90	51	87

<sup>\*</sup> The Change in NPV ratio is defined as the change (in basis points) in the NPV ratio caused by an interest rate shock of either -100 bp or +200 bp.

Note: The NPV ratio for any interest rate scenario is defined as the NPV in that rate scenario divided by the present value of assets in the same rate scenario. An institution's NPV is equal to the estimated present value of assets minus the present value of liabilities plus the net present value of off-balance sheet contracts. These results are based on 451 OTS-regulated institutions for which the Sep 2009 Interest Rate Risk Exposure Reports are available.

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